

# 10° CONGRESSO NAZIONALE



*Quello che le Linee  
Guida Non Dicono*

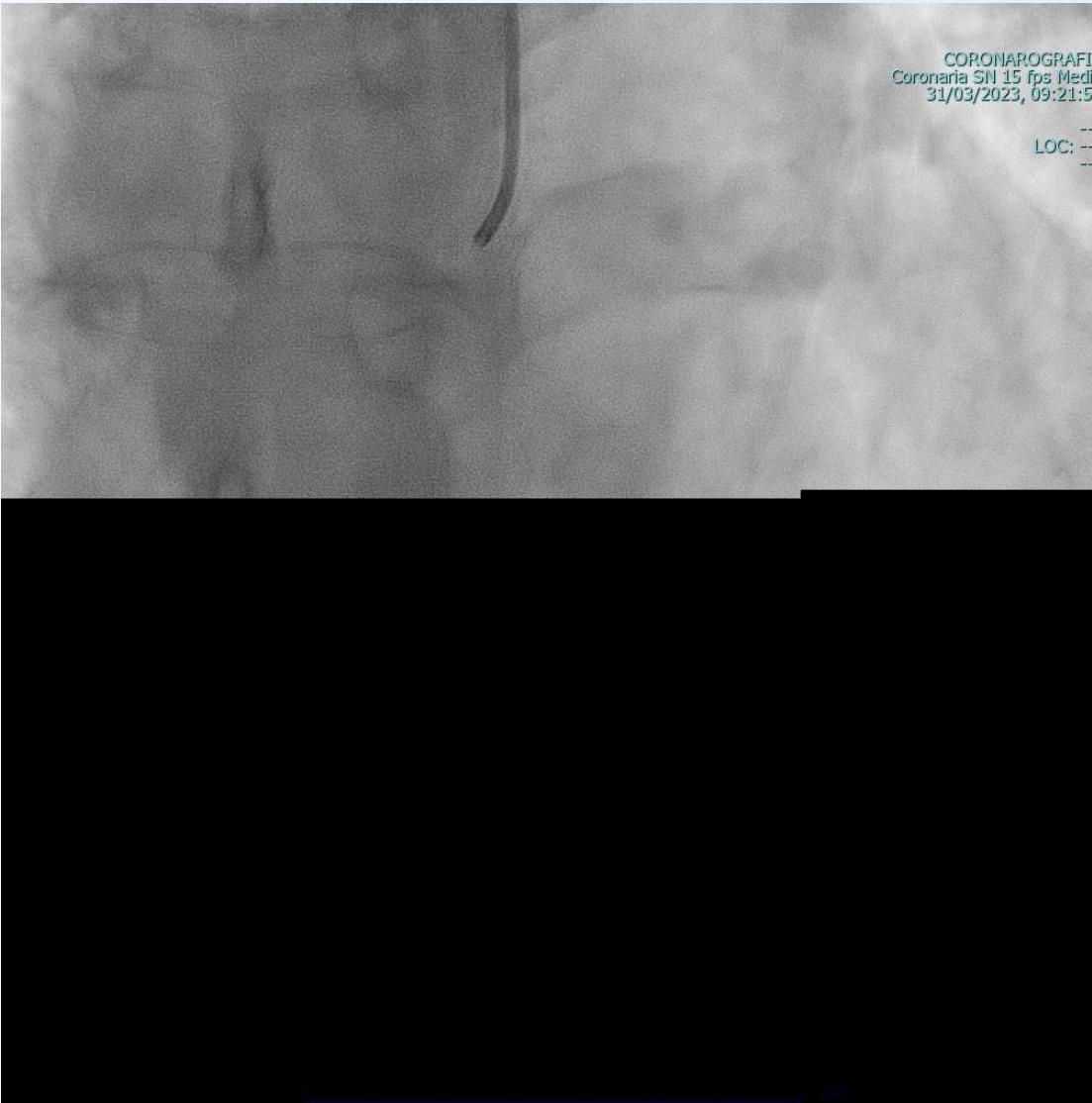
Napoli  
Hotel Excelsior  
14-15 aprile 2023

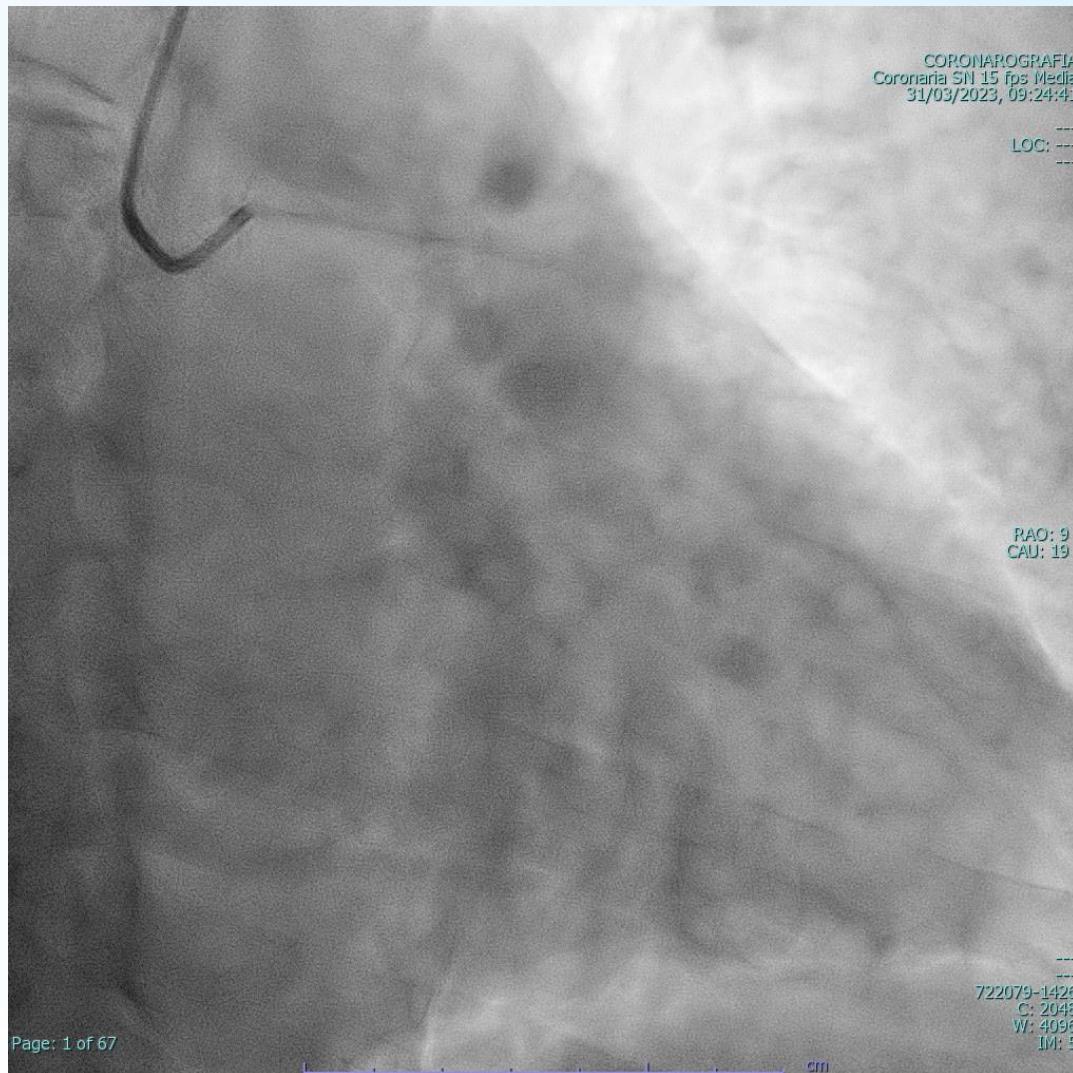
**ECOCARDIOGRAFIA NELLA SINDROME CORONARICA CRONICA - ECOSTRESS**

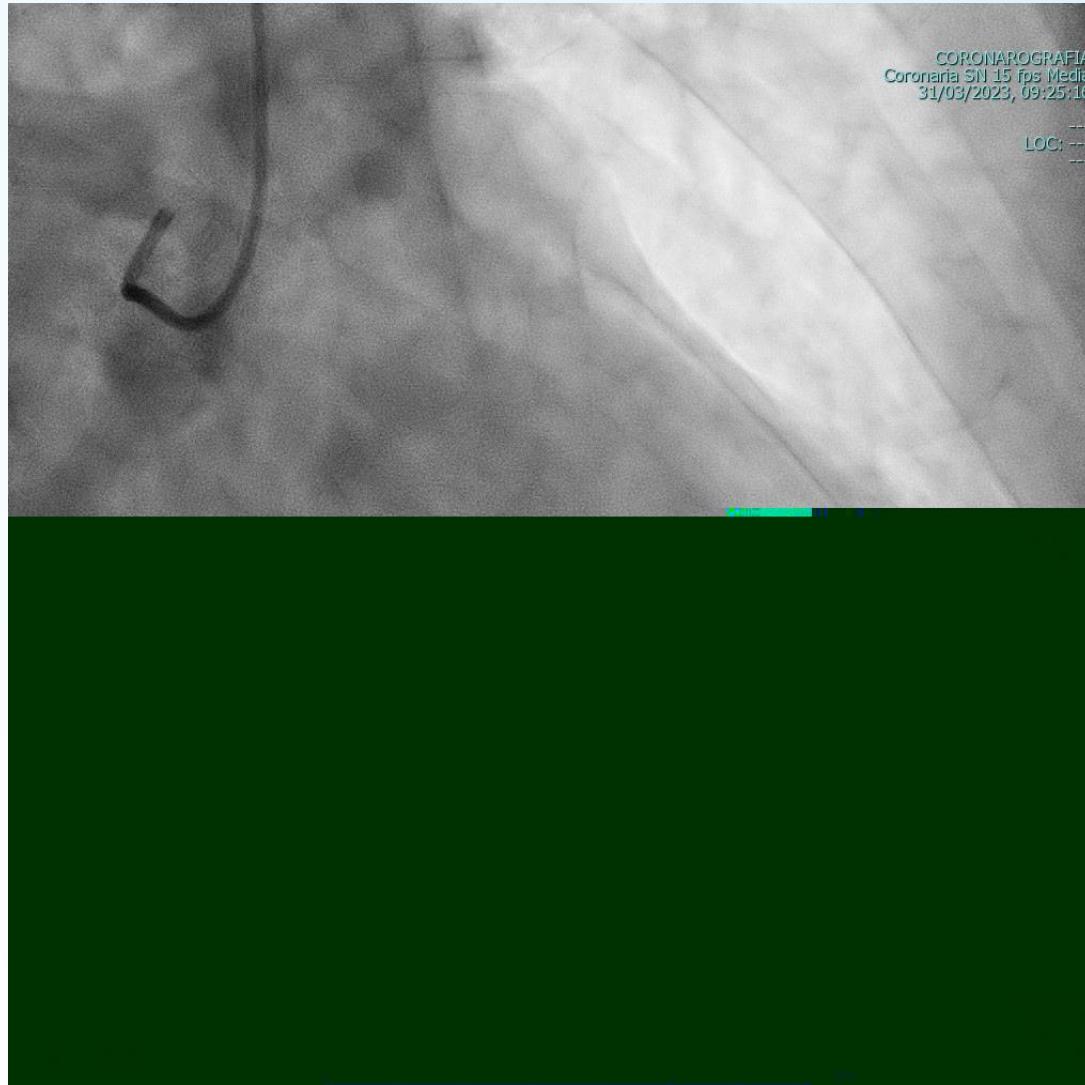
Ercole Tagliamonte, FESC, FACC, FEACVI

## CASO CLINICO

- RG, maschio, 61 anni
- Fattori di rischio: Dislipidemia, tabagismo, familiarità per CAD
- Asintomatico
- Ricovero per sospetta coronaropatia
- Esami ematochimici:
  - Colesterolo LDL 112 mg/dl
- Esame ecocardiografico basale nella norma
- Esame coronarografico.....







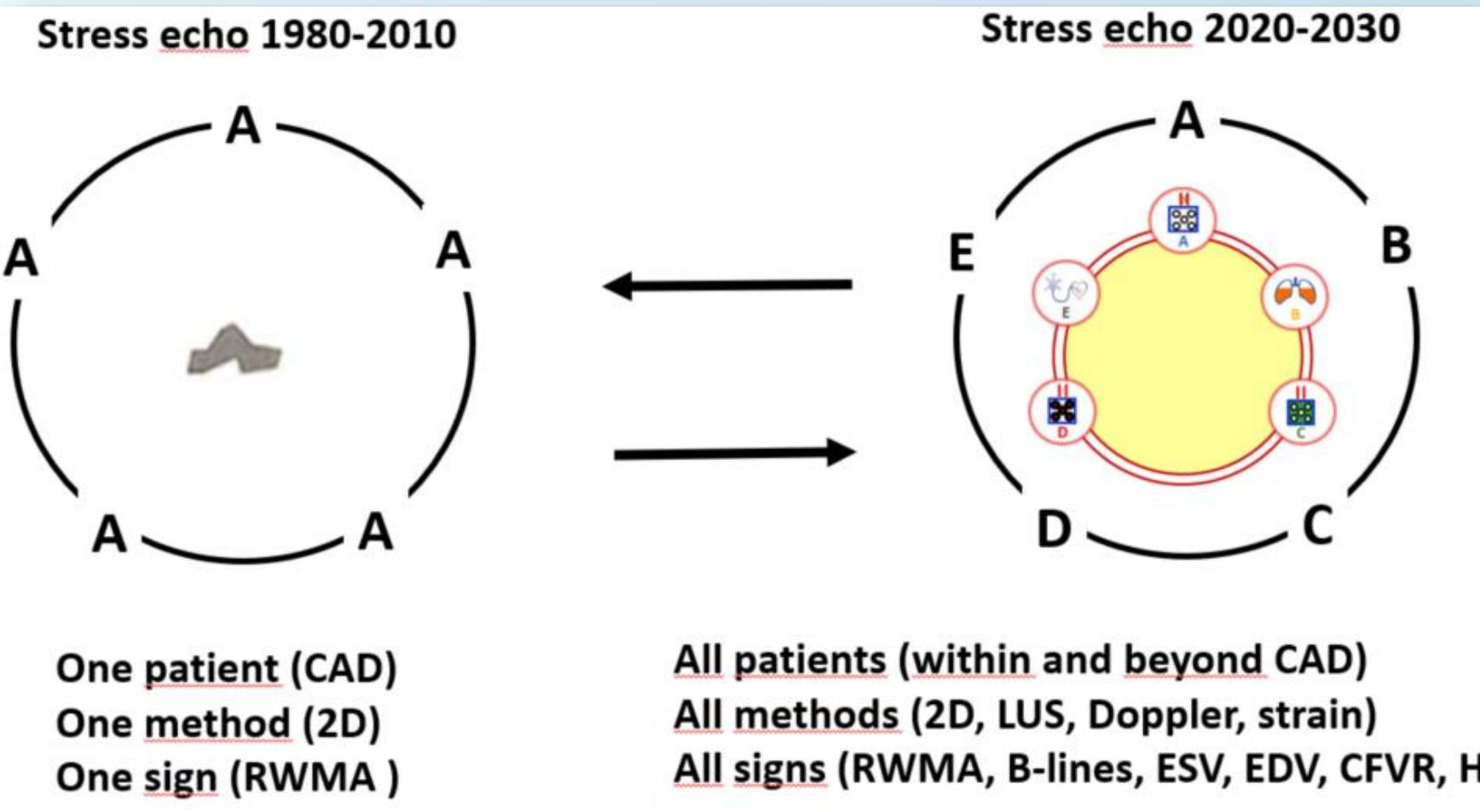


**Questo è un lavoro per...**

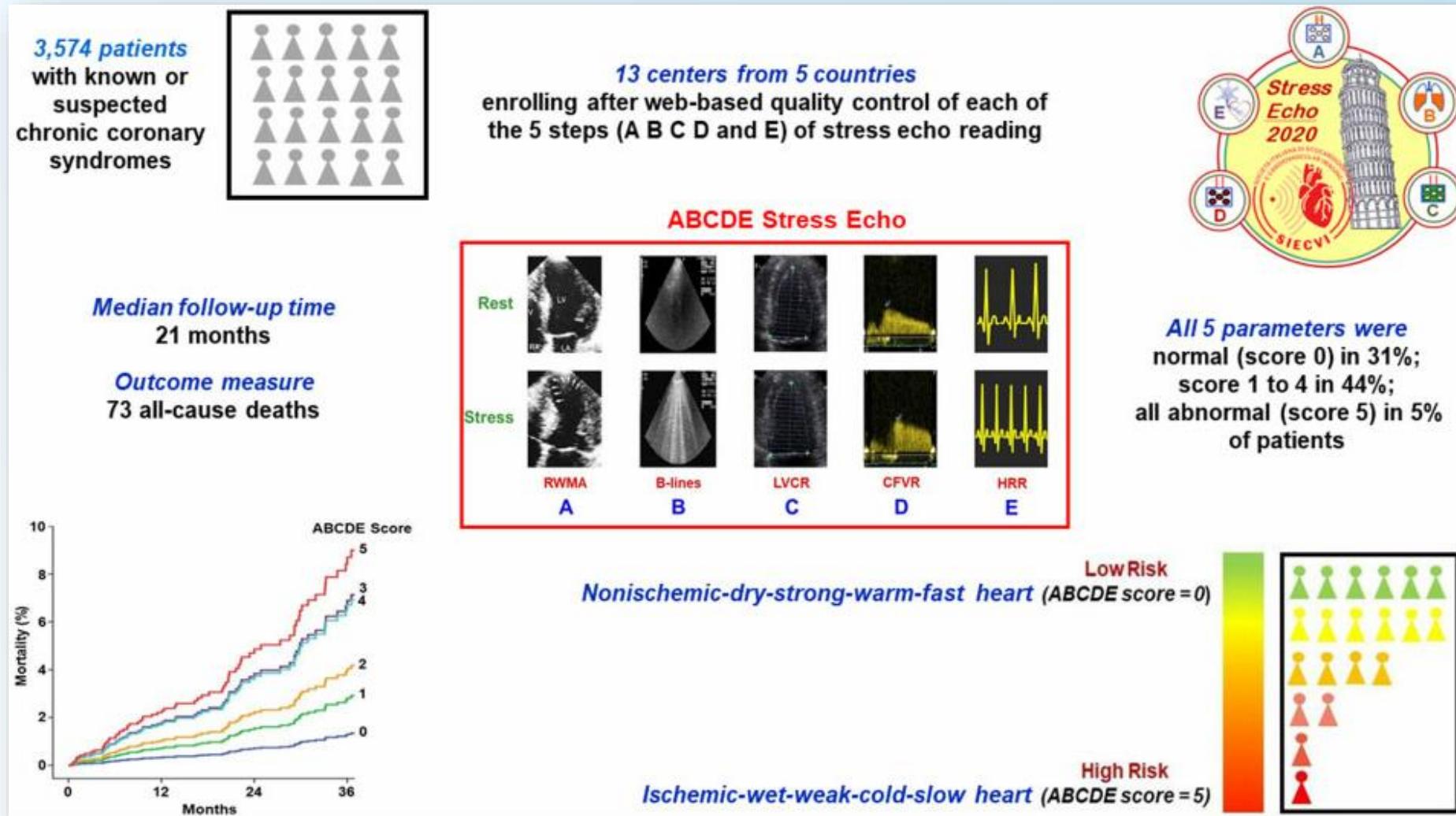


**tress-Echo**

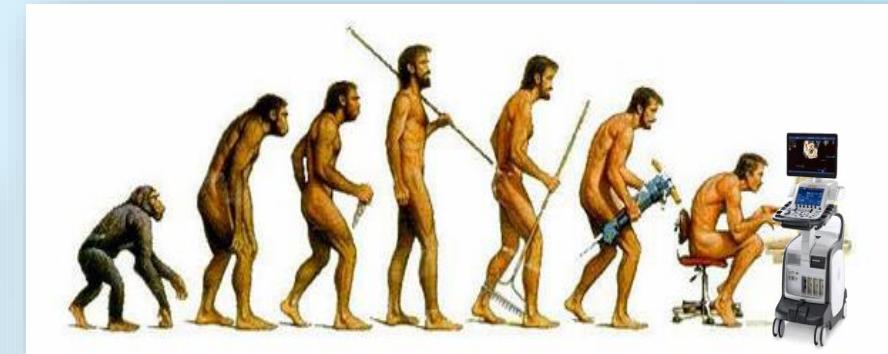
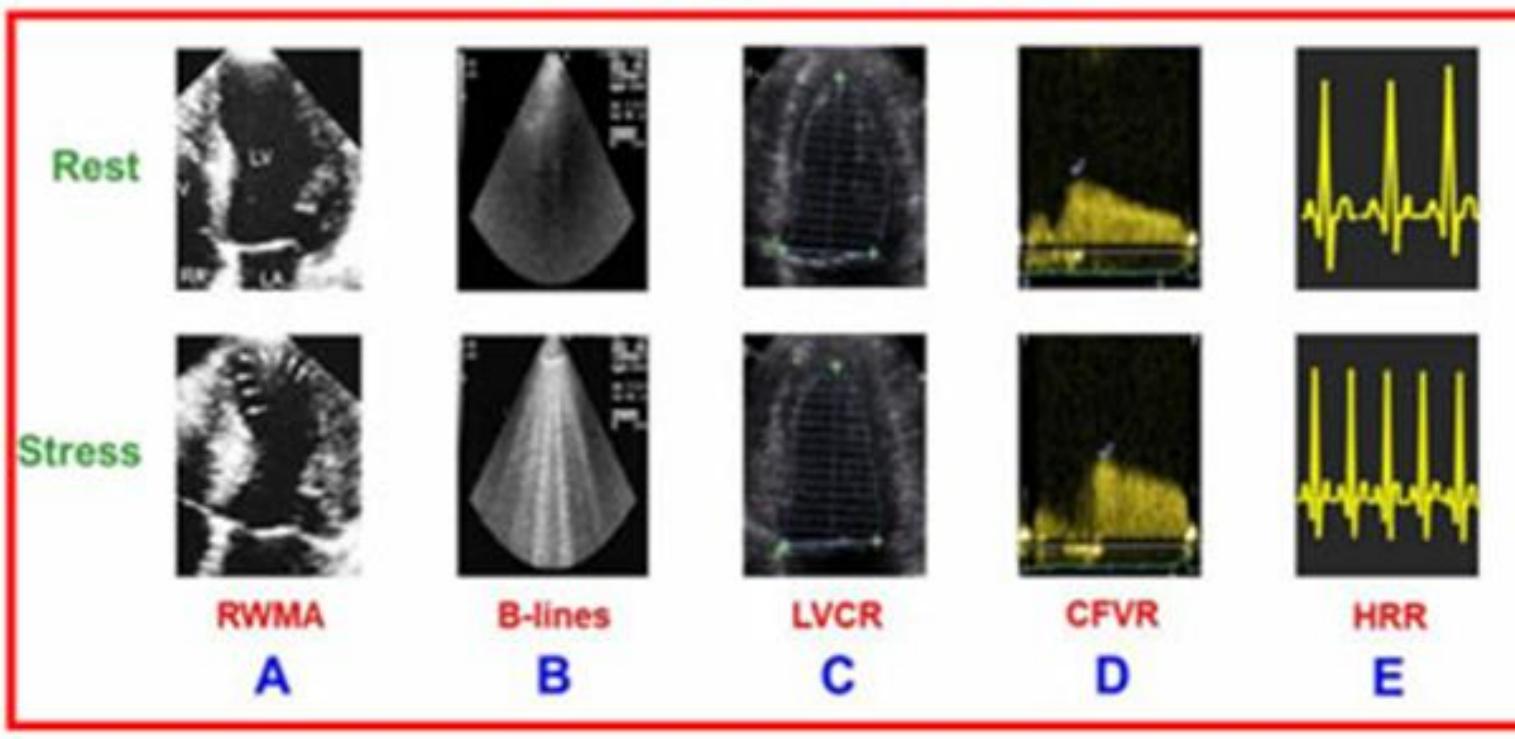
# The evolution of Stress Echo

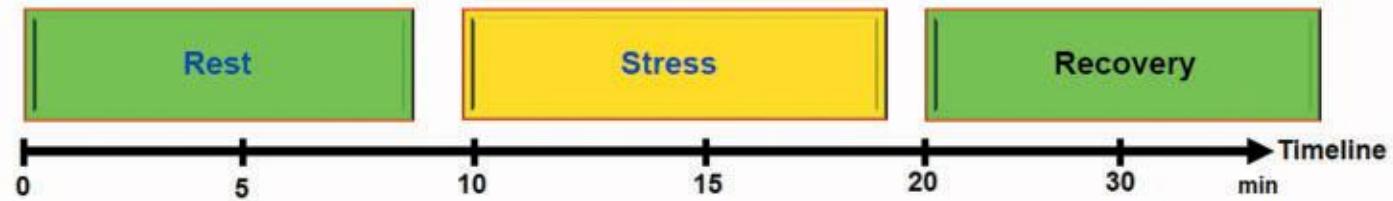


# Stress echocardiography assessed by the ABCDE protocol

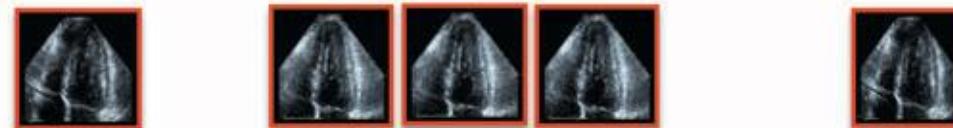


## ABCDE Stress Echo



**ABCDE SE General Protocol**

**STEP A (WMSI)  
and C (EDV, ESV)**



**STEP B**



**STEP C  
(SBP)**



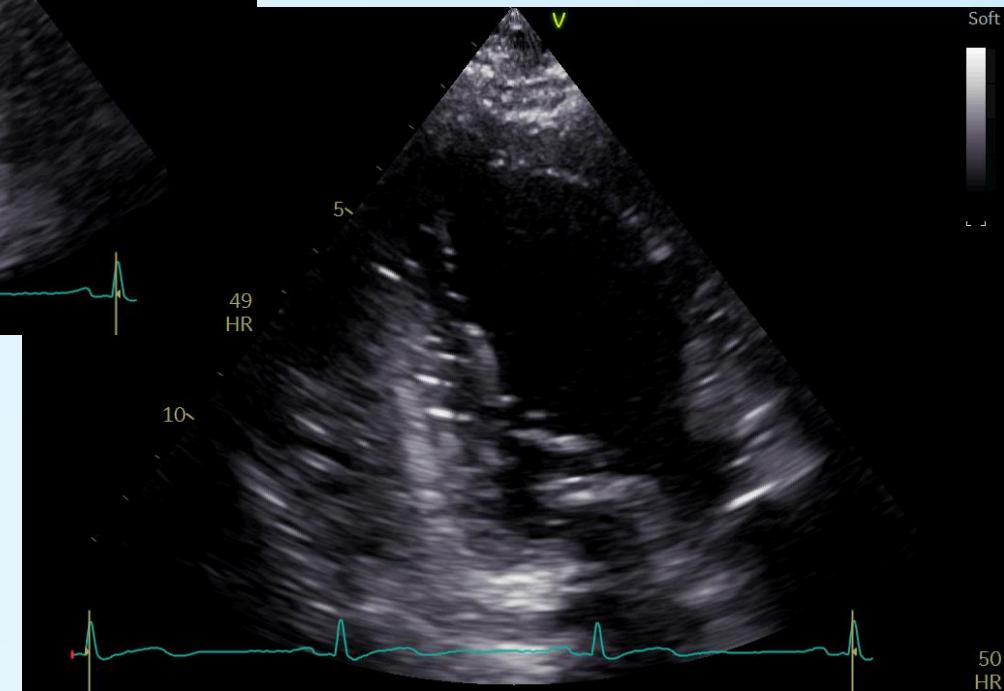
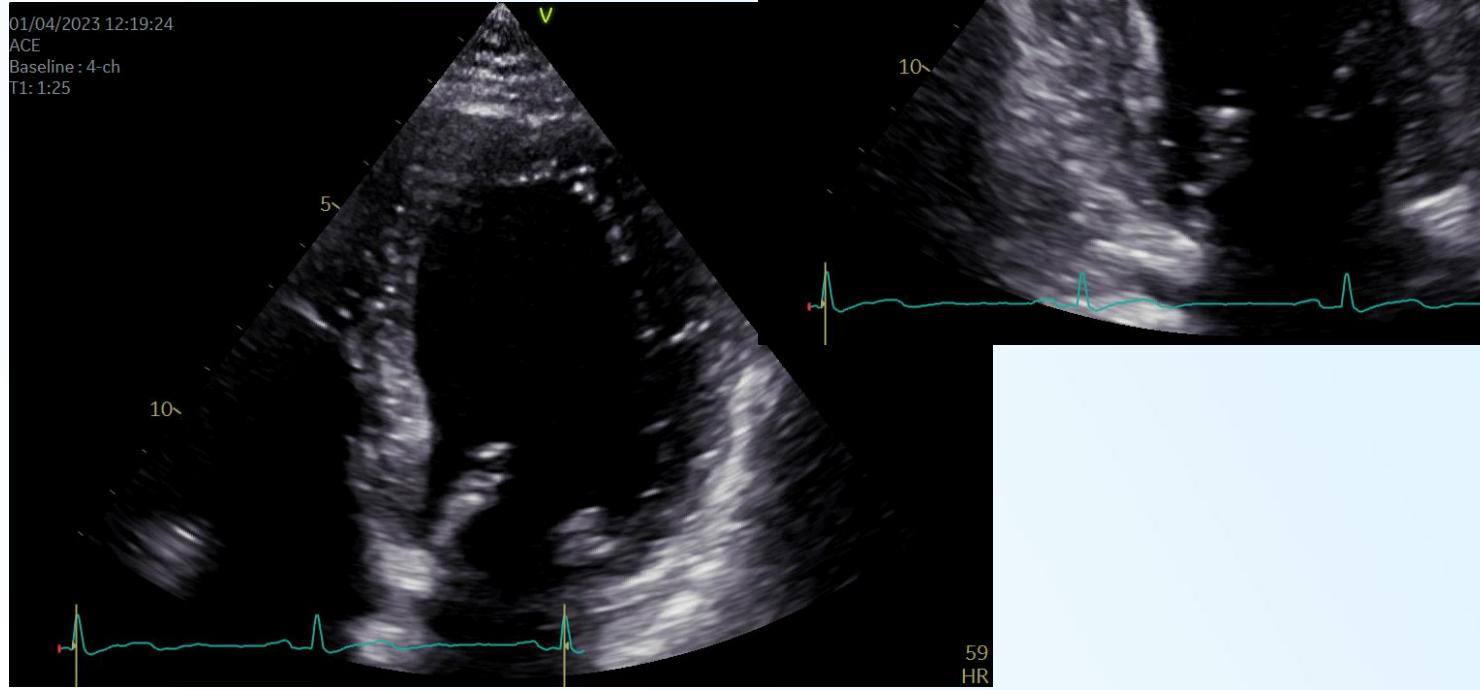
**STEP D**



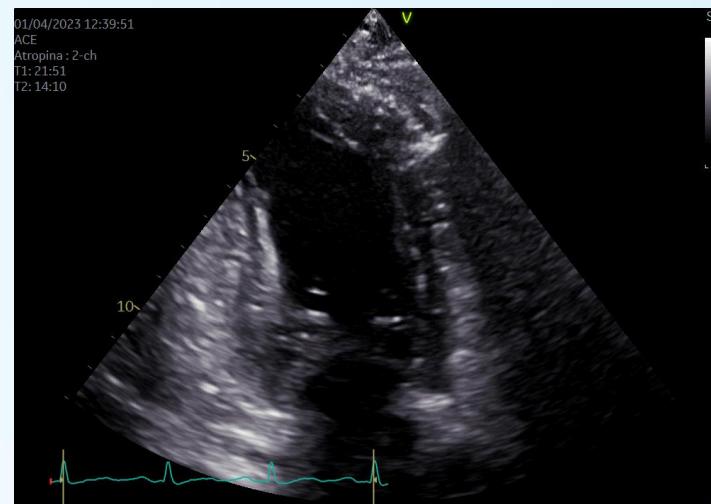
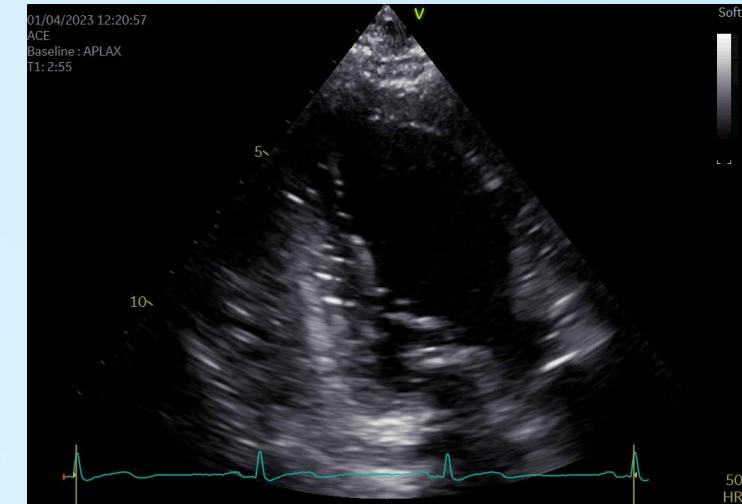
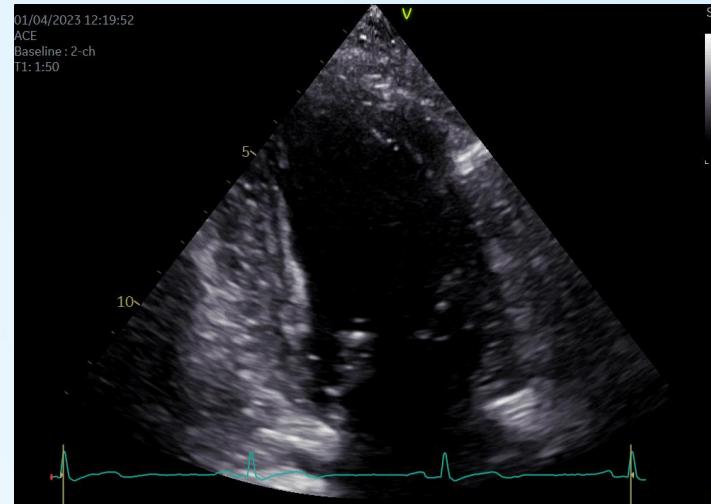
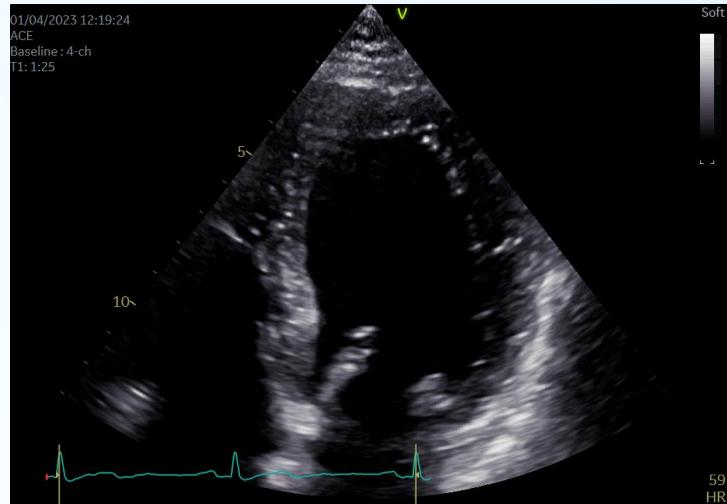
**STEP E**



## Stress Echo (baseline)



## Stress Echo (Step A – RWMA)



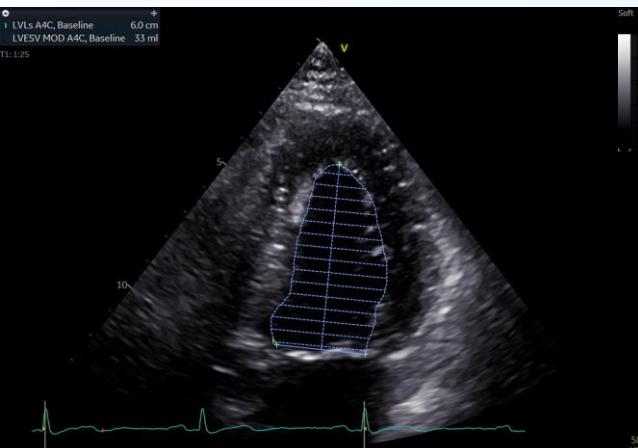
# LEFT VENTRICULAR CONTRACTILE RESERVE

- Left ventricular contractility reflects the force of myocardial muscle
- The relationship between end-systolic pressure and volume is regarded as a correct index of contractility
- Left ventricular contractile reserve (LVCR) is a global left ventricular response to exercise, and can be assessed by stress echocardiography
- The stress/rest ratio of a non-invasive pressure-volume relationship, between systolic blood pressure and left ventricular end-systolic volume, is independent from preload and afterload changes, and has demonstrated to be prognostically powerful

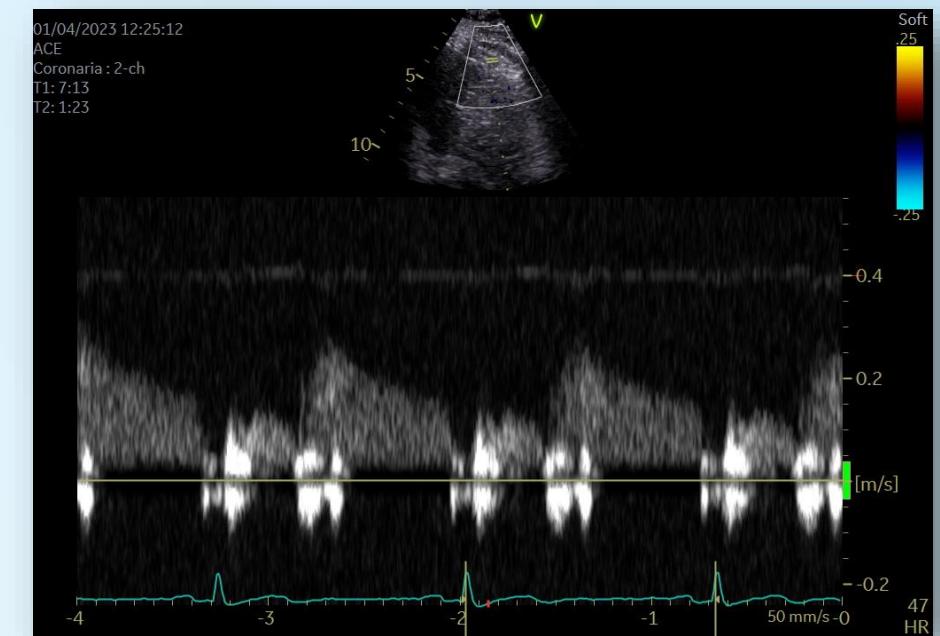
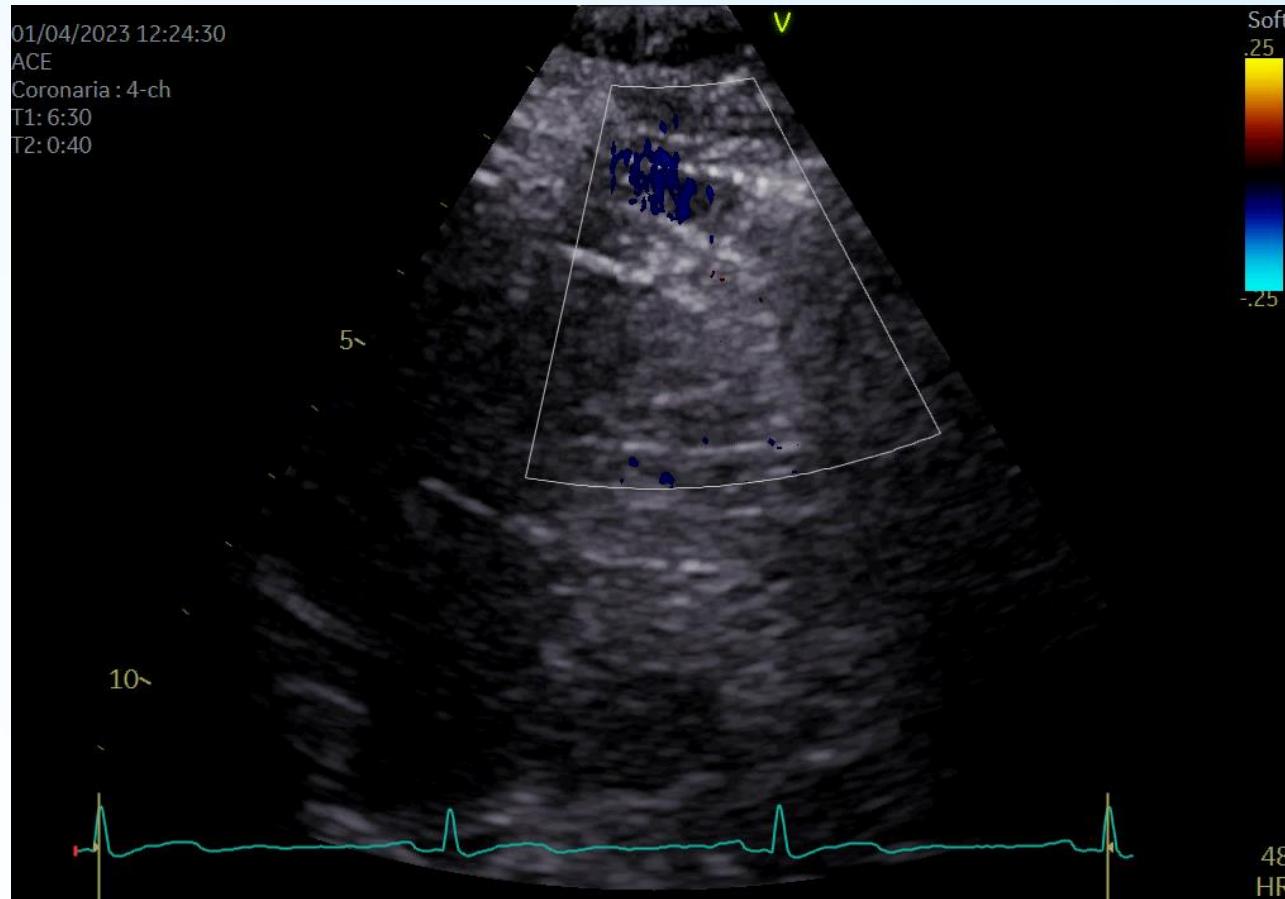


## Stress Echo (Step C – Left Ventricular Contractile Reserve)

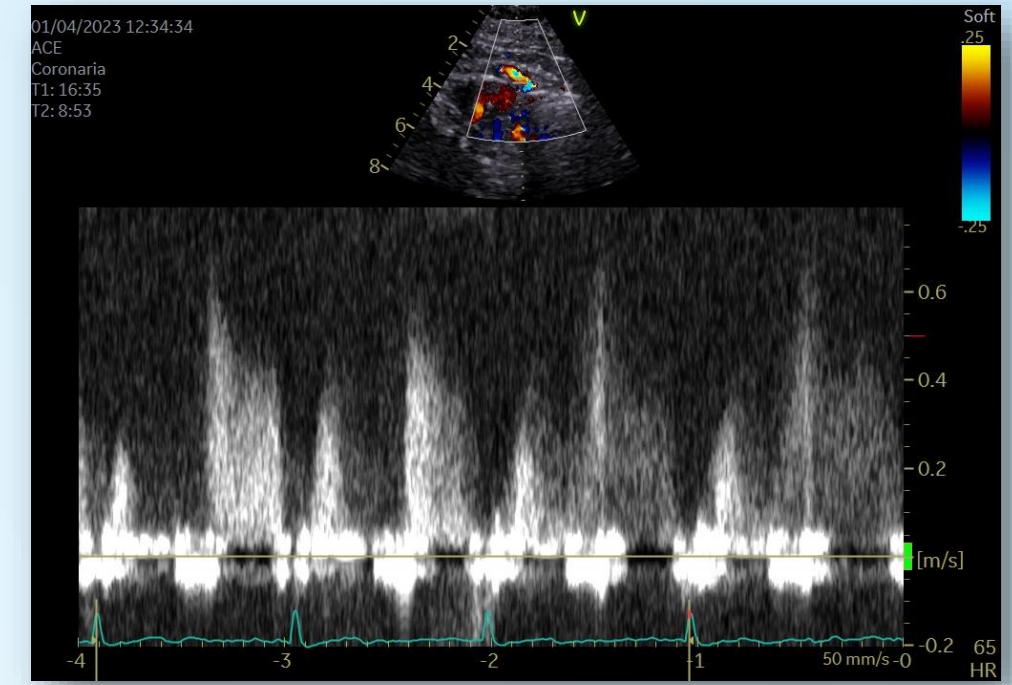
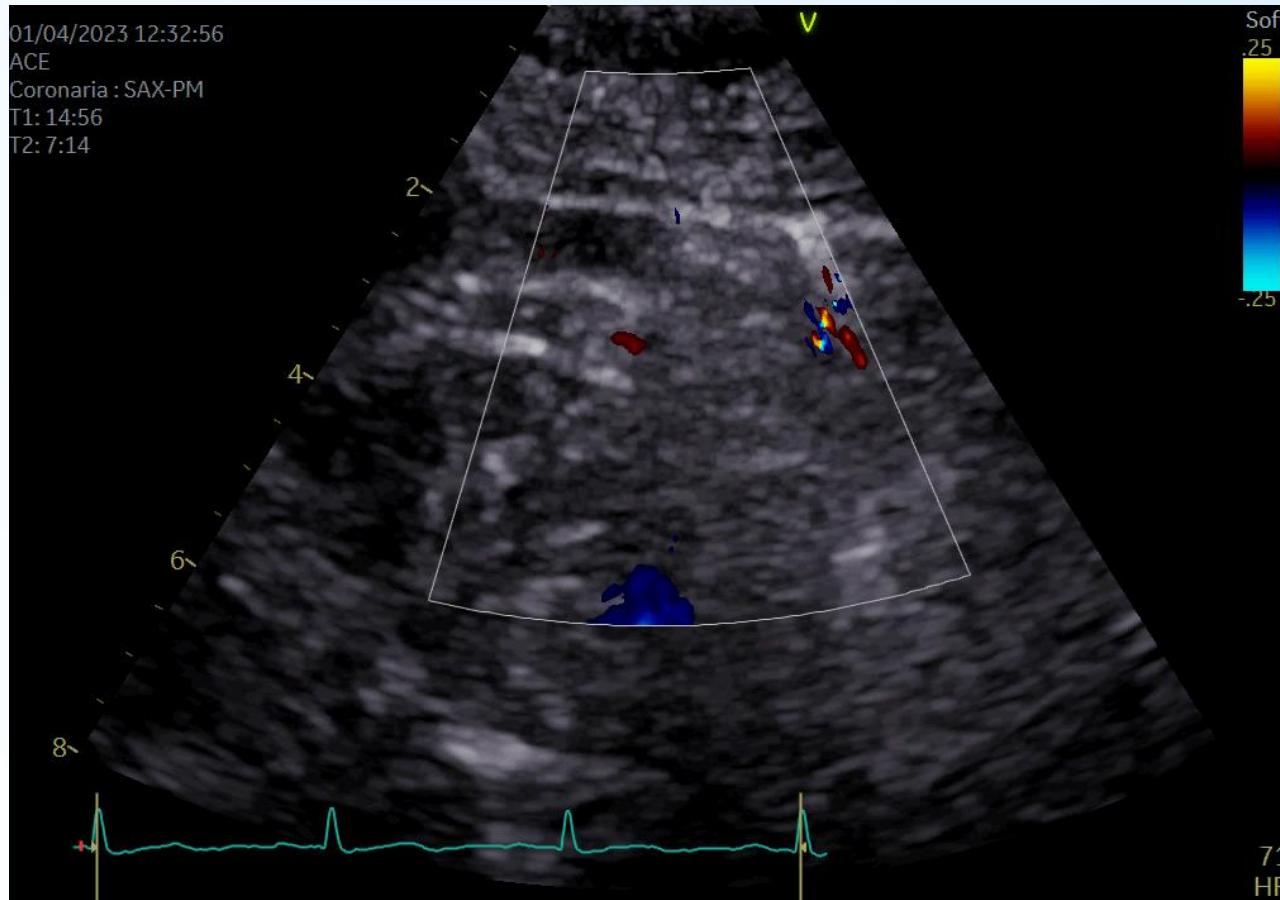
- Step C of protocol included the force-based assessment of LVCR
- Force = Systolic blood pressure/end-systolic volume
- LVCR = Stress/rest ratio of force
- Normal range
  - > 2.0 (Dobutamine)
  - > 1.1 (Dipyridamole/Adenosine)



# Stress Echo (Step D – Coronary Flow Velocity Reserve)

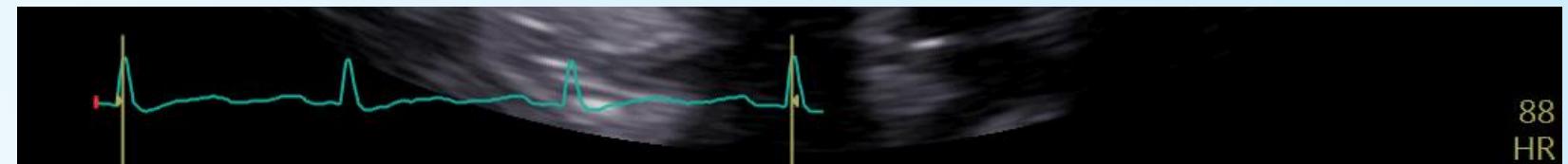
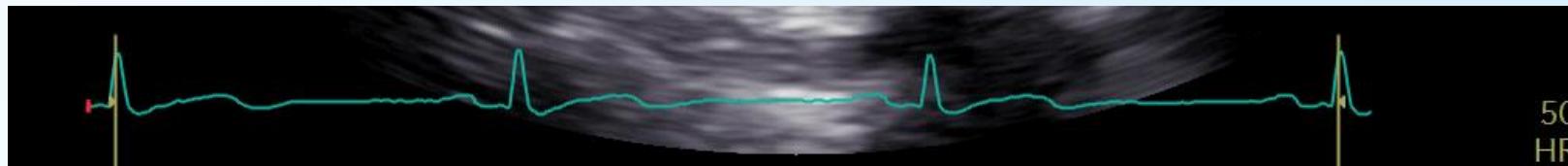


# Stress Echo (Step D – Coronary Flow Velocity Reserve)



- LVCR = stress/rest ratio of peak diastolic velocity
- **Normal range: > 2**

## Stress Echo (Step E – Heart Rate Reverse)



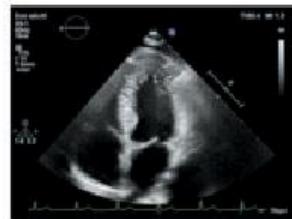
- HRR = stress/rest ratio of Heart Rate
- Normal range
  - > 1.8 (Dobutamine)
  - > 1.22 (Dipyridamole/Adenosine)

**Step A**

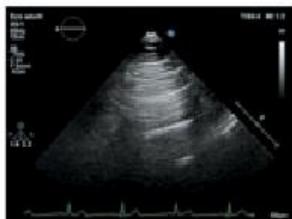
**Rest**



**Stress**



**Step B**



**Step C**



**Step D**



**Step E**



RWMSI = 1

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Rest B-lines = 0

Stress B-lines = 0

Rest Force = 3,48 mmHg/ml

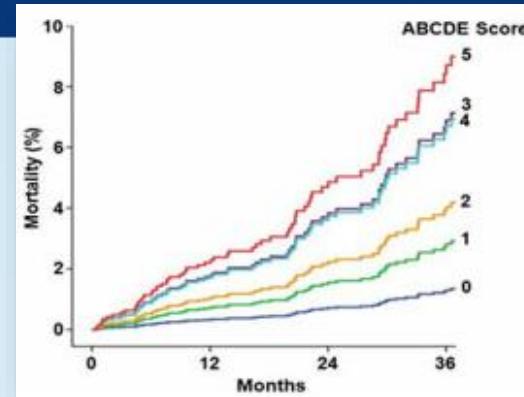
Peak Force = 5,12 mmHg/ml

Rest Coronary Flow = 27 cm/sec

Peak Coronary Flow = 76 cm/sec

Rest HR = 50 bpm

Peak HR = 88 bpm



$\Delta$  WMSI = 0

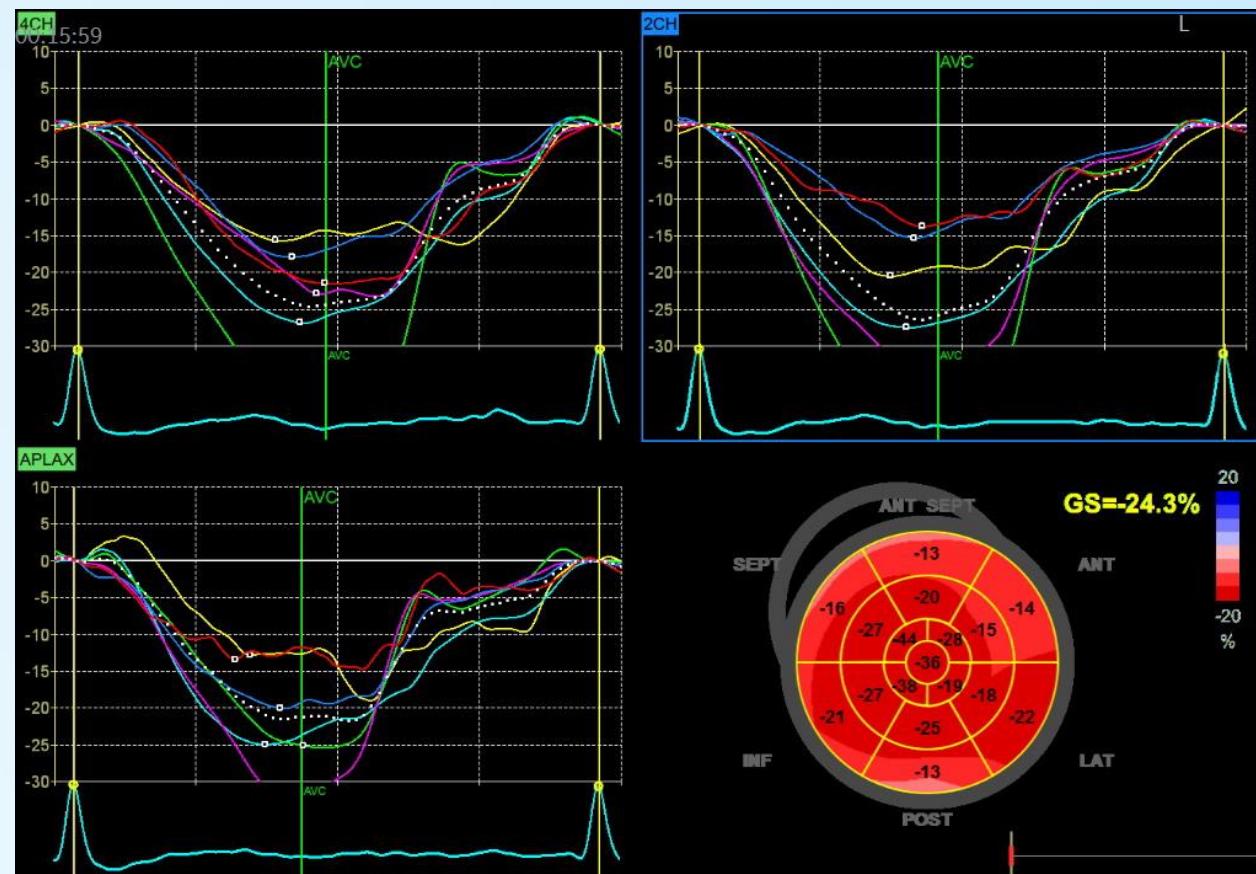
$\Delta$  B-lines = 0

LVCR = 1.47

CFVR = 2.8

HRR = 1.76

# Stress Echo (Global Longitudinal Strain)





Thank  
You